

WHAT IS THE FUND'S OBJECTIVE?

Global Equity Select aims to give investors access to the best opportunities in global equity markets. The fund is biased to developed markets and actively seeks out attractively valued shares to maximise long-term growth. Our intent is to outperform the global equity benchmark over all periods of five years and longer.

WHAT DOES THE FUND INVEST IN?

The fund invests in the shares of companies listed on equity markets around the world. The fund has a bias towards developed markets, typically holding at least 70% in developed market shares and up to 30% invested in shares listed in emerging markets. While our intent is to remain fully invested in shares, the fund is allowed to hold up to 20% of its portfolio in cash and bonds.

IMPORTANT PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS AND RISKS

Global Equity Select will only invest in shares we view as being attractively valued relative to other shares which may offer superior long-term investment growth.

The fund's share selection is the result of rigorous international research conducted by Coronation's investment team.

While we have a disciplined approach to reducing risk, shares can be volatile investments and there is a meaningful risk of capital loss over the short term. Global currency movements may intensify investment gains or declines.

HOW LONG SHOULD INVESTORS REMAIN INVESTED?

The fund is managed to deliver the best possible returns over the long term; an investment horizon of 10 years or more is therefore ideal. It is not suitable as a single investment for investors who need to preserve their capital over five years or less.

WHO SHOULD CONSIDER INVESTING IN THE FUND?

Investors who are building wealth, and who

- ▶ are comfortable with full exposure to shares listed in global markets outside South Africa;
- ▶ accept that the fund may underperform the market significantly in the short term in pursuit of superior long-term gains;
- ▶ hold other investments and are looking to add exposure to global equity markets;
- ▶ do not require an income from their investment.

WHAT COSTS CAN I EXPECT TO PAY?

An annual fee of 1.15% is payable. This fee is applicable from 1 October 2025 and was reduced from 1.25% with effect from that date.

Fund expenses that are incurred in the fund include administrative, trading, custody and audit charges. All performance information is disclosed after deducting all fees and other portfolio costs. We do not charge any fees to access or withdraw from the fund.

More detail is available on www.coronation.com.

WHO ARE THE FUND MANAGERS?



NEIL PADOA
BEconSci (AcSci),
FFA, CFA



CHRIS CHEETHAM
BBusSci, CA (SA)
CFA

GENERAL FUND INFORMATION

Launch Date	30 January 2015
Class	A
Class Type	Accumulation
Fund Domicile	Ireland
Currency	US Dollar
Benchmark	MSCI All Country World Index
Investment Minimum	US\$500
Bloomberg	CORGEAU
ISIN	IE00BV8WVD49
SEDOL	BV8WVD4

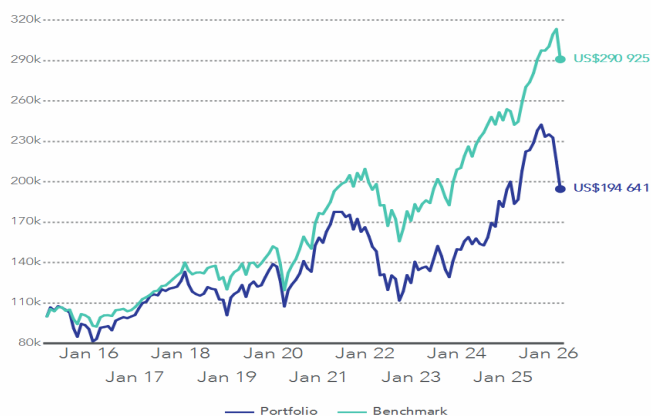
CLASS A as at 31 March 2026

Launch date	30 January 2015
Fund size	US\$ 400.12 million
NAV	19.46
Benchmark	MSCI All Country World Index
Portfolio manager/s	Neil Padoa and Chris Cheetham

Total Expense Ratio	1 Year	3 Year
Fund management fee	1.32%	1.32%
Fund expenses	1.25%	1.24%
VAT	0.08%	0.08%
Transaction costs (inc. VAT)	0.00%	0.00%
Total Investment Charge	0.21%	0.21%
	1.53%	1.53%

PERFORMANCE AND RISK STATISTICS

GROWTH OF A \$100,000 INVESTMENT (AFTER FEES)



RETURNS VS BENCHMARK (AFTER FEES)

	Fund	Benchmark
Since Launch (unannualised)	94.6%	190.9%
Since Launch (annualised)	6.1%	10.0%
Latest 10 years (annualised)	7.8%	11.3%
Latest 5 years (annualised)	2.9%	9.5%
Latest 3 years (annualised)	12.6%	16.6%
Latest 1 year	6.0%	20.0%
Year to date	(17.2%)	(3.2%)

PORTFOLIO DETAIL

GEOGRAPHIC ASSET ALLOCATION EXPOSURE

Sector	31 Mar 2026
Equities	100.0%
North America	38.4%
Europe	32.7%
Asia	22.3%
Latin America	6.6%

TOP 10 HOLDINGS

As at 31 Mar 2026	% of Fund
Auto1 Group	5.0%
LPL Financial	4.6%
TSMC	4.1%
Coupang	3.7%
Julius Baer	3.6%
Amazon.com	3.6%
MercadoLibre	3.5%
Nu Holdings	3.2%
Sea	3.0%
CATL	2.9%

RISK STATISTICS SINCE LAUNCH

	Fund	Benchmark
Annualised Deviation	19.3%	14.5%
Sharpe Ratio	0.21	0.55
Maximum Gain	32.0%	34.8%
Maximum Drawdown	(37.0%)	(25.6%)
Positive Months	56.7%	66.4%

	Fund	Date Range
Highest annual return	56.6%	Apr 2020 - Mar 2021
Lowest annual return	(32.6%)	Jul 2021 - Jun 2022

MONTHLY PERFORMANCE (AFTER FEES)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
Fund 2026	(1.0)%	(7.6)%	(9.5)%										(17.2)%
Fund 2025	7.1%	3.0%	(8.2)%	1.7%	11.4%	6.9%	0.5%	2.4%	4.0%	1.8%	(3.7)%	0.7%	29.6%
Fund 2024	(0.2)%	4.2%	2.0%	(3.2)%	2.6%	(2.5)%	(0.8)%	3.8%	6.9%	(1.6)%	11.4%	(2.3)%	21.1%
Fund 2023	12.6%	(4.3)%	1.2%	0.7%	(2.4)%	6.7%	6.6%	(5.0)%	(6.9)%	(4.1)%	9.2%	6.2%	20.0%
Fund 2022	(4.0)%	(4.9)%	(2.2)%	(12.0)%	0.5%	(8.8)%	8.9%	(2.0)%	(12.5)%	6.1%	10.2%	(4.4)%	(24.8)%

Please note that the commentary is for the retail class of the Fund.

Following a very strong three-year period from 2023 to 2025, the market backdrop in the first quarter of 2026 (Q1-26) has been challenging. Whilst global equity markets are down “only” 3% in USD over the quarter (as measured by the MSCI All Country World Index), there has been significant dispersion and volatility below the surface, with many shares down heavily. In fact, every one of the Magnificent 7 group of technology companies underperformed in Q1-26, with bellwether Microsoft down over 20%.

Ongoing developments in artificial intelligence (AI) and shifting narratives around its potential impact on a broad range of businesses were the key drivers of this volatility. In addition, the escalation of conflict in the Middle East added to existing tensions in the region, sending oil prices up sharply. This resulted in increased inflation expectations, shifting the expected glide path for key policy rates globally. Materials and energy outperformed other sectors, as did consumer staples, as investors sought short-term safety. The Fund has little to no exposure to these sectors. In our view, many companies in these sectors face structural challenges and may struggle to deliver meaningful, real earnings growth over longer time periods. The Fund performed poorly against this backdrop, declining by 17.2% in Q1-26. While we are disappointed with this short-term outcome, we are genuinely encouraged by the opportunity set presented by this dynamic market backdrop.

With AI advancements dominating daily news flow, many strong businesses – including digital platforms, ecommerce companies, data owners, online brokers, and online travel agents – have been unfairly lumped into the ‘AI loser’ bucket. This shift was supercharged in Q1-26, with the market quickly and indiscriminately selling off most names in these sectors, preferring to shoot first and ask questions later. AI clearly has the potential to disrupt many business models, and there is a continuum of potential risk. Whilst remaining humble in our views, we believe there are compelling arguments that select companies in these segments are either resilient to AI disruption or will prove to be significant beneficiaries of the technology in time. In our view, the market is significantly overstating the potential risks whilst ignoring the potential benefits for these companies. We discuss some stock-specific examples below:

- **Spotify** (down 16% YTD in USD) declined as the market questioned the value of human-generated music and audio content amid the emergence of new AI-driven music creation tools. We believe the appetite for human-generated content will endure, and that a minority shift towards AI-generated music will ultimately benefit Spotify as the world’s largest audio distribution platform.
- **Ecommerce companies** declined partly due to AI disintermediation fears, with Amazon and the emerging market duo of Coupang and Sea Limited all down heavily. In an unlikely future where all customer orders originate via AI platforms like ChatGPT, the strong physical moats that allow these companies to fulfil orders at the lowest cost and in the shortest time should become increasingly important, leading to outsized market share gains.
- **Data owners** like London Stock Exchange Group and S&P Global declined by over 20% in the first few weeks of the year, as the value of their proprietary data was questioned. We believe that only small parts of these businesses are at potential risk from AI disruption, and that these remain two of the highest-quality companies in the world.
- **Online brokers** like LPL Financial and Charles Schwab sold off by over 15% as the wealth platform Altruist launched an AI-powered tax

planning tool in the US. In our view, the human connection in wealth management remains essential. We expect advisors and platforms like Schwab to leverage AI to meaningfully enhance efficiency and client outcomes – turning the technology into a competitive advantage rather than a threat.

- **Online travel companies** like Booking Holdings and MakeMyTrip in India declined on the back of fears that consumers would shift their travel bookings directly to AI platforms like ChatGPT. This view overlooks the physical infrastructure advantages – including world-class customer service and deep integration with thousands of small hotels – that companies like Booking have built up over many years.

Auto1 Group, Europe’s largest online vehicle sales platform, was the largest detractor from performance in Q1-26, with its shares falling on the back of a combination of market concerns, all of which we believe are significantly overstated. Firstly, the market is concerned that accelerated autonomous vehicle (AV) adoption will harm used car demand in Europe. Second, Amazon Autos entered the UK with plans to expand into continental Europe. Finally, there are concerns about potential market-wide disruptions from rapidly rising levels of new and affordable Chinese vehicle imports into Europe.

These concerns, in our view, underestimate Auto1’s growth potential and strong economic moat. While Auto1 is the leading platform for used car sales in Europe, its retail market share is still minuscule at under 1% of used cars sold. The company has a multi-year growth runway irrespective of potential shifts in demand driven by AV adoption. Furthermore, Amazon is entering the market with an asset-light marketplace model. This strategy cannot address the operationally intensive nature of sourcing, transporting, refurbishing, storing, and delivering used cars at scale. Finally, our research suggests that despite rising levels of new Chinese vehicle imports into the EU, used car market volumes remain resilient, with used car pricing remaining broadly stable. Auto1 is very early in its growth journey; Carvana in the US has demonstrated what can be achieved at scale in online used-car retail, and we believe the company is on its way to replicating this across Europe. Auto1 remains a high-conviction holding, and we took advantage of the share price weakness to add materially to our holding.

The investment backdrop remains dynamic, shaped in no small part by rapidly evolving AI narratives. In our view, many winning businesses have been sold indiscriminately without due consideration for how they use this technology to improve their products and services dramatically. History has shown repeatedly that when the market paints with too broad a brush, it creates compelling alpha opportunities for long-term, valuation-focused investors. In recent years, we capitalised on similar dislocations during Covid (2020), the rate-hike-driven long-duration sell-off (2022), and the Tariff Tantrum (2025) to add value to client portfolios.

Some businesses will embrace AI to win, while others will fall behind – and we expect the gap to widen. Against this backdrop, we believe our portfolio represents an attractive collection of winning businesses with strong growth prospects at compelling valuations.

Portfolio managers
Neil Padoa and Chris Cheetham
as at 31 March 2026

IMPORTANT INFORMATION THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BEFORE INVESTING IN THE CORONATION GLOBAL EQUITY SELECT FUND

The Global Equity Select Fund should be considered a long-term investment. The value of units may go down as well as up, and therefore Coronation does not make any guarantees with respect to the protection of capital or returns. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance. The top 10 holdings are reflected on a look-through basis. The fund is mandated to invest up to 100% of its portfolio into foreign securities and may as a result be exposed to macroeconomic, settlement, political, tax, reporting or illiquidity risk factors that may be different to similar investments in the South African markets. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying investments to go up or down. Coronation reserves the right to close the fund to new investors if we deem it necessary to limit further inflows in order for it to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Unit trusts are allowed to engage in scrip lending and borrowing. Coronation Global Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited is authorised in Ireland and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. The fund is approved under Section 65 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority of South Africa. Portfolio managed by Coronation Investment Management International (Pty) Ltd (FSP45646), an authorised financial services provider.

JP Morgan SE (Dublin Branch) has been appointed as the fund's trustees and its custodian (www.jpmorgan.com; t: +353-1-612-4000). Coronation is a full member of the Association for Savings & Investment SA (ASISA).

HOW ARE UNITS PRICED AND AT WHAT PRICE WILL MY TRANSACTION BE EXECUTED?

Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices set on every business day. Fund valuations take place at approximately 17h00 each business day (Irish Time) and forward pricing is used. Instructions must reach Coronation before 12h00 (SA Time) to ensure the value of the same business day. You can expect to receive withdrawal payouts three to four business days after the dealing day. Large investments or redemptions (exceeding 5% of fund value) may be subject to an anti-dilution levy to defray dealing costs and expenses. This levy, where applicable, is applied fully for the benefit of the fund.

HOW WAS THE PERFORMANCE INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS FACT SHEET CALCULATED?

Performance is calculated by Coronation as at the last day of the month for a lump sum investment using Class A NAV prices with income distributions reinvested. All underlying price and distribution data is sourced from Morningstar. Performance figures are quoted after the deduction of all costs (including manager fees and trading costs) incurred within the fund. Note that individual investor performance may differ as a result of the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment of distributions and dividend withholding tax, where applicable. Annualised performance figures represent the geometric average return earned by the fund over the given time period. Unannualised performance represents the total return earned by the fund over the given time period, expressed as a percentage.

WHAT IS THE TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO (TER) AND TRANSACTION COSTS (TC)?

TER is calculated as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio incurred as charges, levies and fees in the management of the portfolio over the period referenced. The TER charged by any underlying fund held as part of a fund's portfolio is included in the fund expenses portion of the TER, but trading and implementation costs incurred in managing the underlying fund are excluded. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. The 1 year TER is for the 12 months to end of the previous financial year (updated annually). The 3 year TER is for a rolling 36-month period to the last available quarter end (December, March, June and September).

Transaction costs are a necessary cost in managing a fund and impacts the fund's return. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of fund, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

The Total Investment Charge is the sum of the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and transaction costs.

ADVICE AND PLATFORM COSTS

Coronation does not provide financial advice. If you appoint an adviser, advice fees are contracted directly between you and the adviser. For more information please contact the relevant platform (Linked Investment Service Provider or Life Assurance Provider).

WHERE CAN I FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION?

Additional information such as daily fund prices, brochures, application forms and a schedule of fund fees and charges is available on www.coronation.com. You will also find additional information on the considerations pertinent to investing in a fund denominated in a foreign currency and domiciled in an offshore jurisdiction.

The Prospectus of Coronation Global Opportunities Fund and Fund KIID can be sourced on the following link: <https://www.coronation.com/en/institutional/strategy-information/literature/ucits-fund-library/umbrella-fund>.

A summary of Investor Rights can be sourced on the following link: <https://www.coronation.com/en/institutional/about-us/ucits-v-disclosure/>.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING TERMS OF USE

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