Fund Information as at 30 April 2019



WHAT IS THE FUND'S OBJECTIVE?

The Global Emerging Markets Fund aims to give investors access to the best opportunities in emerging equity markets. The fund actively seeks out undervalued shares to maximise long-term growth. Our intent is to outperform the emerging equity benchmark over all periods of five years and longer.

WHAT DOES THE FUND INVEST IN?

The fund invests in the shares of companies which are either based in emerging countries, or earn a significant part of their revenue from emerging economies. It will be fully invested in shares at all times. The fund is mandated to use derivative instruments for efficient portfolio management purposes.

IMPORTANT PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS AND RISKS

Global Emerging Markets will only invest in shares we view as being attractively valued and which may offer superior long-term investment growth.

The fund's share selection is the result of rigorous international research conducted by Coronation's investment team.

While we have a disciplined approach to reducing risk, shares can be volatile investments and there is a meaningful risk of capital loss over the short term. Emerging markets are generally viewed as more risky than developed markets. Global currency movements may intensify investment gains or declines

HOW LONG SHOULD INVESTORS REMAIN INVESTED?

The fund is managed to deliver the best possible returns over the long term; an investment horizon of ten years or more is therefore ideal. It is not suitable as a single investment for investors who need to preserve their capital over five years or less.

WHO SHOULD CONSIDER INVESTING IN THE FUND?

Investors who are building wealth, and who

- are comfortable with full exposure to shares in emerging markets;
- accept that the fund may underperform the market significantly in the short term in pursuit of superior long-term gains;
- hold other investments and are looking for exposure to emerging markets;
- do not require an income from their investment.

WHAT COSTS CAN I EXPECT TO PAY?

An annual fee of a minimum of 1.00% and a maximum of 2.40%, depending on the fund's performance, is payable.

If fund performance equals that of the benchmark (after fees and costs), a fee of 1.15% will be charged. We share in 20% of performance above the benchmark, up to a total annual fee of 2.40%. Performance is measured over a rolling 24-month period.

If the fund underperforms the benchmark over any 60-month period, the fee is reduced by 0.15%.

Fund expenses that are incurred in the fund include administrative, trading, custody and audit charges. All performance information is disclosed after deducting all fees and other portfolio costs.

We do not charge any fees to access or withdraw from the fund.

More detail is available on www.coronation.com.

WHO ARE THE FUND MANAGERS?



GAVIN JOUBERT BBusSc, CA (SA), CFA

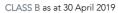


SUHAIL SULEMAN BBusSc, CFA

GENERAL FUND INFORMATION

Fund Launch Date	14 July 2008
Class	В
Class Type	Accumulation
Class Launch Date	5 May 2011
Fund Domicile	Ireland
Morningstar Fund Category	Global Emerging Markets – Equity
Currency	US Dollar
Benchmark	MSCI Emerging Markets Index
Investment Minimum	US\$15 000
Bloomberg	CORGEMB
ISIN	IE00B553TV27
SEDOL	B553TV2

lient Service: 0800 22 11 77 Email: clientservice@coronation.co.za Website: www.coronation.com Minimum Disclosure Document Page 1/4





Launch date 14 July 2008
Fund size US\$ 1.56 billion

NAV 12.08

Benchmark/Performance

Portfolio manager/s

Fee Hurdle

12.08 Fee for performance in line with benchmark
Adjusted for out/(under)-performance

MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund expenses

Transaction costs (inc. VAT)
Total Investment Charge

1 Year 3 Year 1.48% 1.43% 1.18% 1.22% 0.19% 0.11% 0.11% 0.10% 0.00% 0.00% 0.21% 0.20% 1.69% 1.63%

PERFORMANCE AND RISK STATISTICS

GROWTH OF A US\$100,000 INVESTMENT (AFTER FEES)



Gavin Joubert and Suhail Suleman

PORTFOLIO DETAIL

Total Expense Ratio

EFFECTIVE GEOGRAPHIC EXPOSURE

Country	30 Apr 2019
Equities	98.63%
China	28.68%
India	11.33%
Russian Federation	10.45%
Brazil	9.44%
France	6.35%
South Africa	6.30%
United Kingdom	5.57%
Germany	4.14%
Netherlands	3.57%
Hong Kong	2.97%
Other	9.82%
Cash	1.37%
USD	1.35%
ZAR	0.02%
Other	0.00%

PERFORMANCE FOR VARIOUS PERIODS (AFTER FEES)

	Fund	Benchmark	Active Return
Since Launch (unannualised)	69.78%	36.86%	32.92%
Since Launch (annualised)	5.02%	2.94%	2.08%
Latest 10 years (annualised)	8.96%	7.73%	1.22%
Latest 5 years (annualised)	1.77%	4.16%	(2.40)%
Latest 3 years (annualised)	10.71%	11.25%	(0.54)%
Latest 1 year	(2.79)%	(5.04)%	2.25%
Year to date	26.26%	12.23%	14.03%

TOP 10 HOLDINGS

As at 30 Apr 2019	% of Fund
Naspers Ltd (South Africa)	4.65%
58 Com Inc-Adr (China)	4.54%
Housing Dev Finance Corp (India)	4.17%
Ping An Insurance Group Co (China)	4.17%
British American Tobacco Plc (United Kingdom)	4.15%
Wuliangye Yibin Co Ltd (China)	3.75%
Magnit Ojsc-Spon (Russian Federation)	3.62%
JD.com Inc Adr (China)	3.11%
Sberbank (Russian Federation)	3.02%
AIA Group Ltd (Hong Kong)	2.97%

RISK STATISTICS SINCE LAUNCH

	Fund	Benchmark
Annualised Deviation	23.9%	21.7%
Sharpe Ratio	0.19	0.11
Maximum Gain	99.4%	56.3%
Maximum Drawdown	(49.5)%	(51.4)%
Positive Months	56.9%	53.8%
	Fund	Date Range
Highest annual return	106.2%	Mar 2009 - Feb 2010
Lowest annual return	(33.6%)	Sep 2014 - Aug 2015

SECTORAL EXPOSURE

As at 30 Apr 2019	Fund
Consumer Discretionary	28.62%
Consumer Staples	28.34%
Financials	23.59%
Communication Services	9.45%
Information Technology	4.61%
Industrials	2.54%
Health Care	1.45%
Cash	1.39%

MONTHLY PERFORMANCE RETURNS (AFTER FEES)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
Fund 2019	13.6%	3.6%	4.5%	2.6%									26.3%
Fund 2018	6.9%	(5.9)%	(3.3)%	(1.5)%	(5.9)%	(2.4)%	2.8%	(5.3)%	(2.8)%	(7.2)%	0.3%	(4.9)%	(26.2)%
Fund 2017	4.4%	3.2%	1.9%	5.2%	3.5%	(2.0)%	9.1%	4.0%	1.3%	0.3%	1.8%	0.6%	38.3%

Issue date: 2019/05/10

Please refer to page 4 of the Comprehensive Fact Sheet for important additional infomation, including change in cost disclosures.

Quarterly Portfolio Manager Commentary



Please note that the commentary is for the retail class of the fund.

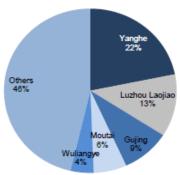
The fund had a very good quarter, returning +23.0% compared to the MSCI Emerging Markets Index's return of +9.9% and in doing so outperformed the market by 13.1%. This made it the fund's best quarter of outperformance since inception almost 11 years ago. Its previous best quarter was the one to end-June 2009 (12.6% outperformance), which was the period that signalled the bottom of the market post the 2008 Global Financial Crisis (GCF) decline.

A number of stocks contributed positively over the quarter, with all of the 15 largest positive stock contributors appreciating by circa 20% plus in US dollars. At the top of the list was Wuliangye Yibin (+91%, 2.0% contribution), followed by New Oriental Education (+64%, 1.4% contribution), JD.com (+44%, 0.9% contribution), Yes Bank (+52%, 0.8% contribution), British American Tobacco (+29%, 0.8% contribution), Ctrip (+60%, 0.7% contribution) and Philip Morris (+33%, 0.7% contribution). A number of these stocks were poor performers in 2018 (specifically in the last few months of the year), and so the fund's strong performance to date in 2019 is partly a reversal of a poor 2018. JD.com, Yes Bank, British American Tobacco, Philip Morris and Ctrip would all fall into this category. In addition, a few of the new buys in late 2018 were strong performers, most notably Wuliangye Yibin and New Oriental Education. Lastly, a number of long-held positions contributed positively, including Airbus (+38%, 0.6% contribution), 58.com (+21%, 0.5% contribution) and Ping An Insurance (+27%, 0.4% contribution). There were few large negative contributors, with no detractors of more than 0.5%. Since inception almost 11 years ago, the fund has outperformed the market by 2.0% p.a. and over the last 10 years has outperformed by 1.4% p.a.

There were five new buys during the quarter. The two largest new buys were that of Jiangsu Yanghe Brewery (1.8% position) and LVMH (1.9% position). The remaining three buys were small, namely a 0.7% position in NetEase (the number 2 online gaming company in China after Tencent), a 0.6% position in BM&F Bovespa (Brazil's dominant vertically integrated multi-asset [equity, bonds, derivatives] exchange), and a 0.4% position in Eastern Tobacco (Egypt's monopoly cigarette manufacturer). In total, the five new buys represent 5.5% of the fund. There were two outright sells during the quarter: that of Baidu (the top search engine in China) and Marisa (Brazilian clothing retailer). In the case of Baidu (a 1.3% position at the start of the year), we had become increasingly worried about the core search business, as well as the uncertain future return from the numerous other areas where the group is investing significant capital. In the case of Marisa (a small 0.3% position at the start of the year) there was still not much sign of a turnaround in the business, and we felt the funds were better invested elsewhere. In terms of other portfolio activity, we reduced the positions in New Oriental Education, Ctrip, Noah, Li-Ning and Adidas (all on strong share price performance and resultant less upside to our estimate of fair value), as well as Indiabulls (largely due to a reduction in our fair value and a less attractive risk/return profile). From a buying point of view, most of the activity was in the five aforementioned new buys, but we also added to the existing positions in HDFC Bank and Pão de Açúcar.

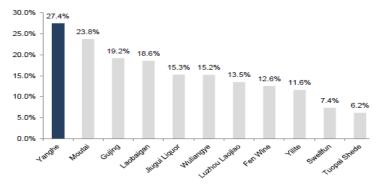
Jiangsu Yanghe Brewery is the largest *premium* brand baijiu (the dominant white spirit in China) company, in contrast to the main *ultra-premium* (very high end) baijiu companies Kweichow Moutai (not owned in the fund) and Wuliangye Yibin (a 3.9% position in the fund). We bought a position in Wuliangye Yibin late last year and subsequently continued to do additional work on the industry, including a week's trip to China solely focused on the Baijiu industry which led us to Jiangsu Yanghe.

Market share of premium baijiu



Source: Euromonitor, Deutsche Bank

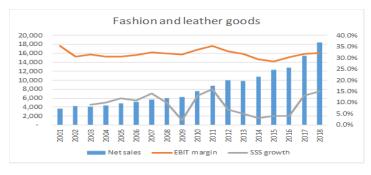
Sales growth rates of baijiu companies 2007-2017



Source: Euromonitor, Deutsche Bank

Over the past decade, Jiangsu Yanghe have grown sales by 27% p.a., making them the fastest growing baijiu company over this period. Both net profit and free cash flow have grown by 35% p.a. over the past 10 years, and today the company generates over \$1 billion of free cash flow. The company is a beneficiary of the premiumisation of baijiu (their main premium brand 'Dream Blue' series has gone from being 2% of sales a decade ago to contributing over 20% of sales today) and we expect this to continue, together with further expansion to regions outside of their home base, Jiangsu (which today still contributes 53% of sales). A unique feature of Jiangsu Yanghe that also attracts us, is the fact that management owns circa 21% of the company. Just like Kweichow Moutai and Wuliangye Yibin, the financial metrics of Jiangsu Yanghe are impressive, with operating margins of circa 45%, return on capital of circa 20%, and high free cash flow conversion (over 100% of net profit in the past three years has been converted into free cash flow). The share trades on circa 18.5 times forward earnings with a 3% dividend yield, which we believe is attractive given its long-term prospects. The other new buy of note was a 1.9% position in LVMH, which we have covered for several years and have owned in the Strategy in the past. LVMH (Louis Vuitton Moet Hennessy) is the largest global luxury goods company and the owner of the Louis Vuitton brand (circa 50% of group profits) and many other global brands including Moët & Chandon, Hennessy, Christian Dior, Fendi, Bulgari and Tag Heuer. Over 40% of sales come from emerging markets and the Chinese consumer alone (purchasing at home as well as while travelling) is responsible for well over 50% of incremental growth.

LMVH Fashion and Leather Goods Division Historic sales, same-store sales growth and earnings before interest and taxes margin



Source: Coronation, LVMH annual reports

LVMH has an enviable track record (over the past 20 years earnings per share has compounded at circa 12% p.a.) and today is well placed to be a key beneficiary of the growing emerging market middle and upper class and the wealth effect. The barriers to entry possessed by the true global luxury brands (Hermes, Louis Vuitton and Gucci) are amongst the highest in any industry in our view: in the case of Louis Vuitton, a 150-year history and investment in the brand for a start. The resilience (of both the top line and profitability) of the Louis Vuitton brand in particular in tough economic periods is also unparalleled: in 2009 (post the GFC) sales of the Fashion and Leather Division (with Louis Vuitton making up the lion's share of this division) of LVMH grew by 2% and earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) grew by 3%. In 2002 (post-September 11th) the Fashion and Leather Division experienced 16% sales growth (and this after double-digit sales growth in 2001 as well) and 5% EBIT growth. The fund bought LVMH on circa 20x forward earnings and a 2% dividend yield, which we think is attractive for what we would consider to be one of the best businesses in the world.

Members of the Global Emerging Markets team continue to travel extensively to enhance our understanding of the businesses we own in the fund, their competitors and the countries in which they operate, as well as to find potential new ideas. In this regard, over the past two years we have done detailed work (modelling, fair value and research report) on 51 new companies, 18 of which have made it into the portfolio over this period, representing 32% of the fund today. In the first quarter, there were two trips to China and two to India. The coming months will see a further trip to China as well as one to Brazil. The fund's weighted average upside to fair value at the end of March was circa 40%, which we feel is compelling. We would also consider the overall quality of the stocks held in fund currently to be above average when compared with other points in the fund's 11-year history.

Portfolio managers Gavin Joubert and Suhail Suleman as at 31 March 2019





IMPORTANT INFORMATION THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BEFORE INVESTING IN THE CORONATION GLOBAL EMERGING MARKETS FUND

The Global Emerging Markets Fund should be considered a long-term investment. The value of units may go down as well as up, and therefore Coronation does not make any guarantees with respect to the protection of capital or returns. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance. The fund is mandated to invest up to 100% of its portfolio into foreign securities and may as a result be exposed to macroeconomic, settlement, political, tax, reporting or illiquidity risk factors that may be different to similar investments in the South African markets. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying investments to go up or down. Coronation reserves the right to close the fund to new investors if we deem it necessary to limit further inflows in order for it to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Unit trusts are allowed to engage in scrip lending and borrowing. Coronation Global Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited is authorised in Ireland and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. The fund is approved under Section 65 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority of South Africa. Portfolio managed by Coronation Investment Management International (Pty) Ltd (FSP45646), an authorised financial services provider.

Northern Trust Fiduciary Services has been appointed as the fund's trustees (www.northerntrust.com; t: +353-1-542-2000), and its custodian is JP Morgan Administration Services (Ireland) Limited (www.jpmorgan.com; t: +353-1-612-4000). Coronation is a full member of the Association for Savings & Investment SA (ASISA).

HOW ARE UNITS PRICED AND AT WHAT PRICE WILL MY TRANSACTION BE EXECUTED.

Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices set on every business day. Fund valuations take place at approximately 17h00 each business day (Irish Time) and forward pricing is used. Instructions must reach Coronation before 12h00 (SA Time) one day prior to the dealing date. You can expect to receive withdrawal payouts three business days after the dealing day. Large investments or redemptions (exceeding 5% of fund value) may be subject to an anti-dilution levy to defray dealing costs and expenses. This levy, where applicable, is applied fully for the benefit of the fund.

HOW WAS THE PERFORMANCE INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS FACT SHEET CALCULATED

Performance is calculated by Coronation as at the last day of the month for a lump sum investment using Class B NAV prices. Class A NAV prices were used for the period prior to the launch of Class B. All underlying price and distribution data are sourced from Morningstar. Performance figures are quoted after the deduction of all costs (including manager fees and trading costs) incurred within the fund. Note that individual investor performance may differ as a result of the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment of distributions and dividend withholding tax, where applicable. Annualised performance figures represent the geometric average return earned by the fund over the given time period. Unannualised performance represents the total return earned by the fund over the given time period, expressed as a percentage.

WHAT IS THE TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO (TER) AND TRANSACTION COSTS (TC)?

TER is calculated as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio incurred as charges, levies and fees in the management of the portfolio. The TER charged by any underlying fund held as part of a fund's portfolio is included in the fund expenses portion of the TER, but trading and implementation costs incurred in managing the fund are excluded. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. The 1 year TER is for the 12 months to end of September 2018 (updated annually). The 3 year TER is for a rolling 36-month period to the last quarter end (December, March, June and September).

Transaction costs are a necessary cost in managing a fund and impacts the fund's return. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of fund, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

The Total Investment Charge is the sum of the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and transaction costs.

ADVICE AND PLATFORM COSTS

Coronation does not provide financial advice. If you appoint an adviser, advice fees are contracted directly between you and the adviser. For more information please contact the relevant platform (Linked Investment Service Provider or Life Assurance Provider).

WHERE CAN LEIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION?

Additional information such as daily fund prices, brochures, application forms and a schedule of fund fees and charges is available on www.coronation.com. You will also find additional information on the considerations pertinent to investing in a fund denominated in a foreign currency and domiciled in an offshore jurisdiction.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING TERMS OF USE

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