Fund Information as at 31 August 2019



## WHAT IS THE FUND'S OBJECTIVE?

Global Capital Plus is in the first instance managed to achieve reasonable investment growth over time. Our intent is that the fund should meaningfully outperform an investment in developed market cash over time. In addition, we aim to preserve capital over any 12-month period.

#### WHAT DOES THE FUND INVEST IN?

Global Capital Plus can invest in all listed asset classes including shares, listed property, bonds and cash. The fund will primarily have exposure to developed economies (including the US, Europe and Japan) but can also invest in emerging markets.

The fund is managed to suit the needs of more conservative investors who want to invest for longer than three years. Exposure to growth assets (shares and listed property), which pose more risk than income assets, will typically not exceed 50%.

The intent is to keep the fund fully invested in foreign assets at all times. It will have exposure to a variety of currencies, with a general bias towards developed markets, specifically to the US dollar and euro.

The fund is allowed to make use of exchange traded funds and financial instruments to implement its investment views.

#### IMPORTANT PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS AND RISKS

Global Capital Plus aims to protect capital over any 12-month period in all market conditions, while offering real investment growth over the long term. However, capital is not guaranteed.

The fund invests in a broad range of different assets and many countries.

Its exposure to shares, which offer the best long-term investment growth, could help maximise returns. However, with this long-term growth comes short-term volatility, which may affect the fund's returns. This risk is mitigated to some extent as growth asset exposure will not exceed 50%.

Global currency movements may intensify investment gains or declines.

#### HOW LONG SHOULD INVESTORS REMAIN INVESTED?

An investment term of more than three years is recommended.

#### WHO SHOULD CONSIDER INVESTING IN THE FUND?

Investors who are building wealth, and who

- seek a single international investment that will give them access to some of the best opportunities around the globe, while aiming to protect their capital;
- > require conservative exposure to offshore markets;
- > do not require an income from their investment.

#### WHAT COSTS CAN I EXPECT TO PAY?

An annual fee of 1.25% is payable.

Fund expenses that are incurred in the fund include administrative, trading, custody and audit charges. Performance information is disclosed after deducting all fees and other portfolio costs.

We do not charge fees to access or withdraw from the fund. All fees exclude VAT.

Large investments or redemptions (exceeding 5% of fund value) may be subject to an anti-dilution levy to defray dealing costs and expenses. This levy, where applicable, is applied fully for the benefit of the fund.

More detail is available on www.coronation.com.

#### WHO ARE THE FUND MANAGERS?

LOUIS STASSEN BSc, BCom (Hons), CFA

NEIL PADOA BEconSci (AcSci), FFA

#### GENERAL FUND INFORMATION

Fund Launch Date	1 September 2009
Class	Houseview Currency Class (Previously Class D)
Class Type	Accumulation
Class Launch Date	5 May 2011
Fund Domicile	Ireland
Morningstar Fund Category	USD – Moderate Allocation
Listing	Irish Stock Exchange
Currency	US Dollar
Benchmark	USD 3-month LIBOR + 1.5%
Investment Minimum	US\$15 000
Bloomberg	CORGLTD
ISIN	IE00B3LSMH47

# CORONATION GLOBAL CAPITAL PLUS FUND [HOUSEVIEW CURRENCY CLASS]

CLASS D as at 31 August 2019

Launch date
Fund size
NAV
Benchmark/Performance
Fee Hurdle
Portfolio manager/s

01 September 2009 US\$ 888.72 million 12.52 100% USD 3-month LIBOR+1.5%

Tony Gibson, Louis Stassen and Neil Padoa

## PERFORMANCE AND RISK STATISTICS

## GROWTH OF A \$100,000 INVESTMENT (AFTER FEES)



#### PERFORMANCE FOR VARIOUS PERIODS (AFTER FEES)

	Fund	Benchmark	Active Return
Since Launch (unannualised)	46.8%	13.0%	33.8%
Since Launch (annualised)	3.9%	1.2%	2.7%
Latest 10 years (annualised)	3.9%	1.2%	2.7%
Latest 5 years (annualised)	1.5%	1.2%	0.3%
Latest 3 years (annualised)	3.0%	3.4%	(0.4)%
Latest 1 year	2.8%	4.1%	(1.2)%
Year to date	8.5%	2.7%	5.8%

#### **RISK STATISTICS SINCE LAUNCH**

	Fund	Benchmark
Annualised Deviation	7.5%	4.0%
Sharpe Ratio	0.45	N/A
Maximum Gain	16.4%	N/A
Maximum Drawdown	(10.5)%	N/A
Positive Months	59.2%	N/A
	Fund	Date Range
Highest annual return	17.1%	Jul 2010 - Jun 2011
Lowest annual return	(7.4%)	Sep 2014 - Aug 2015

#### MONTHLY PERFORMANCE RETURNS (AFTER FEES)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
Fund 2019	4.4%	0.9%	1.1%	1.4%	(2.1)%	2.4%	0.5%	(0.3)%					8.5%
Fund 2018	1.0%	(2.5)%	(0.8)%	0.2%	(0.1)%	0.6%	1.4%	(0.5)%	(0.2)%	(1.2)%	(0.6)%	(3.3)%	(5.9)%
Fund 2017	1.3%	1.9%	(0.1)%	1.2%	0.4%	(0.1)%	0.7%	0.3%	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	1.4%	7.4%

# TRUST IS EARNED

CORONATION

	1 Year	3 Year
Total Expense Ratio	1.43%	1.42%
Fee for performance in line with benchmark	1.34%	1.35%
Adjusted for out/(under)-performance	-	(0.02)%
Fund expenses	0.09%	0.09%
VAT	0.00%	0.00%
Transaction costs (inc. VAT)	0.07%	0.07%
Total Investment Charge	1.50%	1.49%

## PORTFOLIO DETAIL

#### EFFECTIVE ASSET ALLOCATION EXPOSURE

Sector	31 Aug 2019
Equities	30.3%
Merger Arbitrage	0.0%
Property	6.4%
Commodities	4.1%
Bonds	12.4%
Cash	46.8%

#### **TOP 10 HOLDINGS**

As at 30 Jun 2019	% of Fund
British American Tobacco	1.5 %
Charter Communication A	1.4 %
Alphabet Inc	1.3 %
Philip Morris Int Inc	1.1 %
Heineken NV	1.1 %
Blackstone Group	1.1 %
Anheuser-busch Inbev	0.9 %
Unibail Group Stapled	0.9 %
Facebook Inc.	0.9 %
Airbus Group Se	0.9 %

#### CURRENCY ALLOCATION

Currency as at 31 Aug 2019	% of Fund
US Dollar	91.1%
Other	8.9%

This fund is available in 3 hedged currency classes (Euro, Pound Sterling & US Dollars) as well as a Houseview currency class. This is the fact sheet for the Houseview currency D class.

Fund 201

Issue date: 2019/09/12

Please refer to page 4 of the Comprehensive Fact Sheet for important additional infomation, including change in cost disclosures.

Client Service: 0800 22 11 77



# CORONATION GLOBAL CAPITAL PLUS FUND [HOUSEVIEW CURRENCY CLASS]

# Quarterly Portfolio Manager Commentary

During the second quarter of 2019 (Q2-19), global financial markets continued to be dominated by a shift in investors' interest rate expectations and the unfolding trade war saga, primarily between the US and China. Markets are now discounting almost three cuts of 25 basis points (bps) each in the US before the end of the year, a stark contrast to only six months ago when the expectation was for at least one rate increase during the calendar year. This shift occurred against the backdrop of a more benign inflationary outlook, including the outlook for wage pressures in the US where the economy is operating at an historically low unemployment rate, and a weakening global growth outlook that has spooked central banks around the globe into a more dovish viewpoint.

This weaker growth outlook was exacerbated, if not caused, by the uncertainty created by the increasingly hostile trade war rhetoric between the US and many of its major trading partners. The slightly more conciliatory tone from the US towards the end of the quarter also helped to settle investors' fears. Unrelated issues such as the continued uncertainty around Brexit, political turmoil in France and some self-inflicted headwinds in emerging economies, such as Turkey, also helped lower growth estimates. To contextualise this shift in sentiment, it is worth noting that the US 10-year Treasury now trades around 2.00%, down from a high of around 3.35% in the fourth quarter of 2018. Central banks have responded to these changes in the macroeconomic outlook by signalling their willingness to come to the rescue with a more accommodative monetary policy, either through the lowering of interest rates or (in the case of the European Union) a resumption of quantitative easing.

Markets continued to take comfort from these dovish developments by bidding up risky assets, with the MSCI All Country World Index returning 3.6% in Q2-19 on a net basis, bringing the year-to-date return to an unimaginable 16.2%. The rolling 12-month number is now positive again, with a return of 5.7%, and the three-year number is 11.6% p.a., a very respectable number given the uncertainties that faced investors over this period. Developed markets, once again, outperformed over the quarter, with the emerging market universe negatively impacted by the trade war developments and some of the country-specific issues referred to above. The US was the star performer, with some help from stronger earnings growth than seen in the rest of the world and a further re-rating in the market.

As mentioned above, fixed-interest assets performed well, benefiting from a downward shift in the yield curve since the beginning of the year. Credit spreads also tightened, supporting performance in the asset class even more. Listed property had a muted Q2-19, following a very strong first quarter of the year. Logistics assets continued to outperform other property classes. Gold had a strong quarter, which did not come as a surprise given the lower opportunity cost on the shift in forward interest rates and the continued political uncertainty. Most industrial metals had a poor quarter on the back of a weaker growth outlook, except for iron ore where supply disappointments supported the price. The oil price was down slightly this quarter after a strong first quarter.

The fund remained defensively positioned over the quarter, but still managed to return 1.6%, which is ahead of the cash benchmark. Since the beginning of the year, the fund has returned 8.3%. Since inception, the fund has returned 4.0% p.a.

Over the quarter, long-held equity positions such as Blackstone, Charter Communications, Adidas, and Carlyle contributed the most to fund performance, with British American Tobacco (after a strong first quarter) and Intu Properties (and other property holdings) detracting the most. Some of the other notable contributors over the longer term include Altice



US, Facebook, Airbus and Pershing Square. Other detractors were L Brands and AB InBev.

Our fixed interest positioning was also too conservative, but the gold position contributed strongly. Stock selection in the property bucket was poor, as we still favour those portfolios with higher retail exposure, given our view that they offer compelling value.

We previously shared in detail our enthusiasm about the prospects for the alternative asset managers. Our thesis that these best-in-class operators will continue to raise assets for their new fund offerings has played out, probably stronger than we anticipated. That was despite more volatile markets and scepticism about their abilities to continue generating superior returns for the investors in their funds. As their share prices recovered over the last few years, we have reduced our overall exposure by selling out of KKR and Fortress and reduced the Apollo position.

Over the last few months, all our remaining holdings announced plans to convert from limited partnerships (that benefited the main principals or original founders from a tax perspective) to public corporations that will pay slightly more tax, but make the shares more investable to all investors (inclusion in indices, no tax uncertainty). The share prices reacted very positively to this news and post quarter end, Carlyle was the last to make their decision known. The reason for highlighting these developments to our investors is again to point out the advantages of taking a longer-term view when considering investment positions. We remind each other of these learnings all the time when patience starts wearing thin with regard to a position that doesn't perform according to expectations! However, there will be cases where we have to admit that we were wrong, in which case the best action is to cut that position despite crystallising a loss. Active investment management remains an art as much as it is a science.

We continue to be reasonably conservatively positioned in terms of asset allocation. We are concerned that the benign interest rate outlook may not materialise and could be very disappointing to investors who are expecting central banks to come to their rescue. We have reduced the gold exposure somewhat after the recent rally, but are disappointed that the precious metal did not perform more strongly, given the favourable backdrop.

# Portfolio managers

Louis Stassen and Neil Padoa as at 30 June 2019

# CORONATION GLOBAL CAPITAL PLUS FUND [HOUSEVIEW CURRENCY]



Important Information

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BEFORE INVESTING IN THE CORONATION GLOBAL CAPITAL PLUS FUND

The Global Capital Plus Fund should be considered a medium- to long-term investment. The value of units may go down as well as up, and therefore Coronation does not make any guarantees with respect to the protection of capital or returns. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance. The top 10 holdings are reflected on a look-through basis. The fund is mandated to invest up to 100% of its portfolio into foreign securities and may as a result be exposed to macroeconomic, settlement, political, tax, reporting or illiquidity risk factors that may be different to similar investments in the South African markets. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying investments to go up or down. Coronation reserves the right to close the fund to new investors if we deem it necessary to limit further inflows in order for it to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Unit trusts are allowed to engage in scrip lending and borrowing. Coronation Global Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited is authorised in Ireland and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. The fund is approved under Section 65 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority of South Africa. Portfolio managed by Coronation Investment Management International (Pty) Ltd (FSP45646), an authorised financial services provider.

JP Morgan (Ireland) has been appointed as the fund's trustees (www.jpmorgan.com; t: +353-1-612-4000), and its custodian is JP Morgan Administration Services (Ireland) Limited (www.jpmorgan.com; t: +353-1-612-4000). Coronation is a full member of the Association for Savings & Investment SA (ASISA).

#### HOW ARE UNITS PRICED AND AT WHAT PRICE WILL MY TRANSACTION BE EXECUTED?

Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices set on every business day. Fund valuations take place at approximately 17h00 each business day (Irish Time) and forward pricing is used. Instructions must reach Coronation before 12h00 (SA Time) one day prior to the dealing date. You can expect to receive withdrawal payouts three business days after the dealing day. Large investments or redemptions (exceeding 5% of fund value) may be subject to an anti-dilution levy to defray dealing costs and expenses. This levy, where applicable, is applied fully for the benefit of the fund.

#### HOW WAS THE PERFORMANCE INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS FACT SHEET CALCULATED?

Performance is calculated by Coronation as at the last day of the month for a lump sum investment using Class D NAV prices. Class A NAV prices were used for the period prior to the launch of Class D. All underlying price and distribution data are sourced from Morningstar. Performance figures are quoted after the deduction of all costs (including manager fees and trading costs) incurred within the fund. Note that individual investor performance may differ as a result of the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment of distributions and dividend withholding tax, where applicable. Annualised performance figures represent the geometric average return earned by the fund over the given time period. Unannualised performance represents the total return earned by the fund over the given time period, expressed as a percentage.

#### WHAT IS THE TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO (TER) AND TRANSACTION COSTS (TC)?

TER is calculated as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio incurred as charges, levies and fees in the management of the portfolio. The TER charged by any underlying fund held as part of a fund's portfolio is included in the fund expenses portion of the TER, but trading and implementation costs incurred in managing the fund are excluded. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. The 1 year TER is for the 12 months to end of September 2018 (updated annually). The 3 year TER is for a rolling 36-month period to the last quarter end (December, March, June and September).

Transaction costs are a necessary cost in managing a fund and impacts the fund's return. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of fund, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

The Total Investment Charge is the sum of the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and transaction costs.

#### ADVICE AND PLATFORM COSTS

Coronation does not provide financial advice. If you appoint an adviser, advice fees are contracted directly between you and the adviser. For more information please contact the relevant platform (Linked Investment Service Provider or Life Assurance Provider).

#### WHERE CAN I FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION?

Additional information such as daily fund prices, brochures, application forms and a schedule of fund fees and charges is available on www.coronation.com. You will also find additional information on the considerations pertinent to investing in a fund denominated in a foreign currency and domiciled in an offshore jurisdiction.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING TERMS OF USE

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