Fund Information as at 31 July 2022



WHAT IS THE FUND'S OBJECTIVE?

Global Opportunities Equity seeks to give investors access to some of the best fund managers across the globe. Our intent is to outperform its benchmark over any five year period.

WHAT DOES THE FUND INVEST IN?

Global Opportunities Equity is a multi-manager fund which invests in a limited number of strategies (funds and segregated mandates) managed by top-quality managers that mainly have exposure to shares in developed markets. It is also mandated to include some exposure to emerging markets.

Typically, six to ten strategies are included. Each strategy is selected based on its long-term track record of outperforming the market, its investment philosophy and the quality of its fund managers.

The fund is mandated to use derivative instruments for efficient portfolio management purposes.

IMPORTANT PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS AND RISKS



Global Opportunities Equity invests in equity funds that mostly cover developed markets, including the US, Europe and Japan.

The fund is well-diversified; it has exposure to a range of different countries, industries and fund manager styles. The fund managers included in the fund are well-established and have been rigorously researched and vetted.

While we have a disciplined approach to carefully balance the risks across the different funds, shares can be volatile investments and there is a meaningful risk of capital loss over the short term. Global currency movements may intensify investment gains or declines.

This feeder fund aims to remain fully invested in units in the offshore domiciled Global Opportunities Equity Fund. The only other assets that will be held at feeder fund level are local and foreign cash holdings for liquidity purposes.

HOW LONG SHOULD INVESTORS REMAIN INVESTED?

The fund is managed to deliver the best possible returns over the long term; an investment horizon of 10 years or more is therefore ideal. It is not suitable as a single investment for investors who need to preserve their capital over five years or less.

WHO SHOULD CONSIDER INVESTING IN THE FUND?

Investors who are building wealth, and who

- want exposure to some of the world's top equity funds as part of a diversified investment portfolio;
- accept that the fund may underperform the market significantly in the short term in pursuit of superior long-term gains;
- are overexposed to South Africa and require an international investment;
- > do not require an income from their investment.

WHAT COSTS CAN I EXPECT TO PAY?

An annual fee of 0.85% is payable.

Of the annual fee, 0.40% is collected at feeder fund level, while the balance of the fee is collected in the master fund.

The component of the fund fee charged at feeder fund level is subject to VAT. Fund expenses that are incurred in the fund include annual fees paid to unconnected underlying fund managers, administrative, trading, custody and audit charges. All performance information is disclosed after deducting all fees and other portfolio costs.

We do not charge any fees to access or withdraw from the fund.

More detail is available on www.coronation.com.

WHO IS THE FUND MANAGER?





KARL LEINBERGER BBusSc, CA (SA), CFA

GENERAL FUND INFORMATION

Launch Date	1 August 1997
Fund Class	A
Benchmark	MSCI All Country World Index
ASISA Fund Category	Global – Equity – General
Regulation 28	Does not comply
Investment Minimum	R5 000 or R500/m debit order
Bloomberg Code	CORINFF
ISIN Code	ZAE000019774
JSE Code	CNIG

CORONATION GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES EQUITY [ZAR] FEEDER FUND

CLASS A as at 31 July 2022

ASISA Fund Category	Global - Equity - General
Launch date	01 August 1997
Fund size	R 6.88 billion
NAV	15295.98 cents
Benchmark	MSCI All Country World Index
Portfolio manager/s	Tony Gibson and Karl Leinberger

PERFORMANCE AND RISK STATISTICS

GROWTH OF A R100,000 INVESTMENT (AFTER FEES)



PERFORMANCE FOR VARIOUS PERIODS (AFTER FEES) - (ZAR)

	Fund	Benchmark	Active Return
Since Launch (unannualised)	1550.1%	1556.6%	(6.5)%
Since Launch (annualised)	11.9%	11.9%	0.0%
Latest 20 years (annualised)	8.5%	11.1%	(2.6)%
Latest 15 years (annualised)	10.2%	12.2%	(1.9)%
Latest 10 years (annualised)	14.9%	18.0%	(3.1)%
Latest 5 years (annualised)	8.7%	13.0%	(4.3)%
Latest 3 years (annualised)	8.9%	13.9%	(5.0)%
Latest 1 year	(10.1)%	1.7%	(11.8)%
Year to date	(15.2)%	(11.1)%	(4.2)%

PERFORMANCE FOR VARIOUS PERIODS (AFTER FEES) - (USD)

	Fund	Benchmark	Active Return			
Since Launch (unannualised)	354.4%	359.7%	(5.3)%			
Since Launch (annualised)	6.2%	6.3%	0.0 %			
Latest 15 years (annualised)	4.1%	6.0%	(1.8)%			
Latest 10 years (annualised)	7.1%	10.0%	(3.0)%			
Latest 5 years (annualised)	3.8%	7.9%	(4.1)%			
Latest 3 years (annualised)	3.2%	8.5%	(5.3)%			
Latest 1 year (annualised)	(21.0)%	(10.5)%	(10.5)%			
Year to date	(18.8)%	(14.6)%	(4.2)%			
2021	9.3%	18.5%	(9.2)%			
2020	15.4%	16.3%	(0.9)%			

MONTHLY PERFORMANCE (AFTER FEES) - (ZAR)

Total Expense Ratio	1.79%	1.82%
Fund management fee	0.85%	0.85%
Fund expenses	0.88%	0.91%
VAT	0.06%	0.06%
Transaction costs (inc. VAT)	0.20%	0.21%
Total Investment Charge	1.99%	2.03%

PORTFOLIO DETAIL

GEOGRAPHIC ASSET ALLOCATION EXPOSURE

	31 Jul 2022
	95.06%
Global (8 Funds)	95.06%
Equity futures	4.84%
Cash	0.10%

TOP 5 HOLDINGS

As at 30 Jun 2022	
Egerton Capital Equity Fund	
Contrarius Global Equity Fund	
Coronation Global Equity Select Fund	
Coronation Global Emerging Markets Fund	
Tremblant Capital	

RISK STATISTICS SINCE LAUNCH

	Fund	Benchmark
Annualised Deviation	16.5%	16.7%
Sharpe Ratio	0.28	0.28
Maximum Gain	51.7%	53.2%
Maximum Drawdown	(45.3)%	(50.7)%
Positive Months	61.0%	57.7%
	Fund	Date Range
Highest annual return	66.2%	Apr 1999 - Mar 2000
Lowest annual return	(36.1%)	Oct 2002 - Sep 2003

Minimum Disclosure Document

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
Fund 2022	(9.0)%	(2.4)%	(2.9)%	(2.8)%	(1.5)%	(6.1)%	9.3%						(15.2)%
Fund 2021	5.6%	4.7%	(1.1)%	2.5%	(4.7)%	5.5%	(0.6)%	(0.1)%	0.2%	3.8%	0.5%	1.5%	18.8%
Fund 2020	3.8%	(4.7)%	(10.9)%	16.4%	0.3%	1.7%	5.0%	6.8%	(5.7)%	(1.1)%	9.9%	0.2%	20.5%
Fund 2019	1.6%	10.6%	3.3%	4.0%	(6.9)%	1.1%	2.8%	1.0%	1.6%	3.2%	0.9%	(0.4)%	24.3%
Fund 2018	2.3%	(3.0)%	(4.2)%	6.7%	2.2%	9.0%	(2.4)%	11.9%	(3.5)%	(6.0)%	(5.7)%	(5.0)%	0.4%

Website:

T LIN C

Issue date: 2022/08/11

Client Service: 0800 22 11 77

Email:

clientservice@coronation.com

Please refer to page 4 of the Comprehensive Fact Sheet for important additional infomation, including change in cost disclosures.

www.coronation.com



1 Year

3 Year

TRUST IS EARNED

Quarterly Portfolio Manager Commentary



Please note that the commentary is for the US dollar retail class of the Fund. The feeder Fund is 100% invested in the underlying US dollar Fund. However, given small valuation, trading and translation differences for the two Funds, investors should expect differences in returns in the short term. Over the long term, we aim to achieve the same outcome in US dollar terms for both Funds.

The Fund declined 19.3% for the quarter (Q2-22) against a benchmark return of -15.7%, bringing the rolling 12-month performance to -28.7% against the -15.8% returned by the MSCI All Country World Index (ACWI).

Q2-22 was another difficult quarter for global equity markets and this is now the worst first half of a year for developed market equities in more than 50 years. This was largely due to the shift to a far more hawkish stance by the US Federal Reserve and other central banks to combat persistent inflation which is at multi-year highs in many countries. The economic outlook of increased rates and its potential to cause a recession put pressure on growth expectations and equity valuations, causing sharp declines in equity markets. Long duration growth stocks bore the brunt of this, with the Nasdaq 100 falling 22.5% over the quarter.

The Pacific ex-Japan was the best performing region in Q2-22, despite declining 14.1% (in US dollar terms). The weakest return was from North America, which declined 16.7% (in US dollar terms). Europe fell 14.2% and Japan fell 14.6% (both in US dollar terms). Developed markets performed worse than emerging markets, declining 16.2% compared to -11.4% (both in US dollar terms).

Amongst the global sectors, energy (-5.9%), consumer staples (-7.0%) and healthcare (-7.5%) were the best performing sectors for the quarter. The worst performing sectors were consumer discretionary (-24.1%), IT (-21.9%) and materials (-20.2%). On a look-through basis, the Fund's largest exposures are to consumer discretionary, IT and communication services. The Fund has very little exposure to consumer staples, utilities and real estate.

The underlying funds generally struggled over the quarter and most underperformed the index. Only the Coronation Global Emerging Markets Fund performed better than the ACWI, albeit underperforming the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. Recent performance has been disappointing, but the managers of the various funds have mostly retained conviction in their positions, believing many to be oversold in the market panic over the direction of interest rates. On a three- to five-year view, there are a number of stocks that offer very attractive valuations even if interest rates do increase from here.

Tremblant Global Growth was the worst performing fund, losing 28.3% over the quarter. This was driven largely by its consumer discretionary and IT stocks, which together were -21%. Uber Technologies (-42.7%), Smartsheet (-42.6%), Shift 4 Payments (-46.6%) and DoorDash (-45.2%) were the worst amongst the IT stocks, while Amazon (-34.8%), Spotify (-37.9%) and Walt Disney (-31.2%) from consumer discretionary.

Contrarius Global Equity Fund declined -23.0%. It was more affected by the energy and materials sectors where some of its largest holdings reside, with some additional impact from communications stocks. Cleveland Cliffs (-52.3%), EW Scripps (-40.0%), Transocean (-27.1%) and Paramount Global (-34.1%) were amongst the worst performers.

Egerton Capital and SEG Crosby Street fell 18.2% and 16.7% respectively and were similarly impacted by IT, communications and consumer discretionary stocks.

The Fund is in the process of redeeming from Lansdowne Developed Markets, which is being replaced by Eminence Capital's Classic Long Strategy. The first investment with Eminence was initiated mid-quarter, and it had a negative impact on performance. Eminence's biggest drivers of negative performance were IT and consumer discretionary sectors (albeit to a much lower degree than other funds discussed above) but also from the healthcare and industrial sectors. Stocks from the last two sectors include Exact Sciences (-43.7%), Cresco Labs (-58.1%), Verano (-42.3%) and Vertiv Holdings (-41.3%).

The outlook is clouded with uncertainty and investors are seeking clarity as inflation, increasing interest rates and moderating economies converge. The war in Ukraine rages on, creating uncertainty in the energy markets, particularly in Europe. Inflation is expected to moderate over coming months, but energy market disruptions could derail this somewhat. Central banks are now committed to reining in inflation, maybe even to the detriment of their economies, which are generally slowing, and some could potentially tip into recession. Equity markets have fallen substantially and are now pricing in a lot of bad news but slowing demand and rising rates could still put further pressure on earnings, which could lead to further declines. However, moderating inflation, leading to a more gradual tightening in rates over the remainder of the year, would be more positive for markets.

Portfolio managers Tony Gibson and Karl Leinberger as at 30 June 2022



Important Information

IMPORTANT INFORMATION THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BEFORE INVESTING IN THE CORONATION GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES IZARI FEEDER FUND

The Global Opportunities Equity [ZAR] Feeder Fund should be considered a long-term investment. The value of units may go down as well as up, and therefore Coronation does not make any guarantees with respect to the protection of capital or returns. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance. The fund is mandated to invest up to 100% of its portfolio into foreign securities and may as a result be exposed to macroeconomic, settlement, political, tax, reporting or illiquidity risk factors that may be different to similar investments in the South African markets. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying investments to go up or down. The top 10 holdings are reflected on a look-through basis. A feeder fund invests in a single fund of a collective investment scheme, which levies its own charges and could result in a higher fee structure for the feeder fund. Coronation Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd is a Collective Investment Schemes Manager approved by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority in terms of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act. Portfolio managed by Coronation Investment Management International (Pty) Ltd (FSP45646), an authorised financial services provider. The Management Company reserves the right to close the fund to new investors if we deem it necessary to limit further inflows in order for it to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Unit trusts are allowed to engage in scrip lending and borrowing. Standard Chartered has been appointed as trustees for the fund (www.sc.com/za; 011-2176600). Coronation is a full member of the Association for Savings & Investment SA (ASISA).

HOW ARE UNITS PRICED AND AT WHICH PRICE WILL MY TRANSACTION BE EXECUTED?

Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices set on every trading day. Fund valuations take place at approximately 15h00 each business day, except at month end when the valuation is performed at approximately 17h00 (JSE market close) and forward pricing is used. Instructions must reach the Management Company before 14h00 (12h00 for the Money Market Fund) to ensure same day value. The payment of withdrawals may be delayed in extraordinary circumstances, when the manager with the consent of the fund trustees deem this to be in the interest of all fund investors. These circumstances may include periods when significant underlying markets suspend trading which will prevent accurate valuation of the instruments held in the fund. When the suspension of trading relates to only certain assets held by the fund, these assets may be side-pocketed. This process allows normal liquidity on the assets that can be valued, but will delay liquidity on the affected portion of the fund. If the fund is faced with excessive withdrawals, the affected withdrawals may be ring-fenced, which is the separation and delayed sale of the assets reflecting the interest of the liquidity seeking investors. It ensures that the sale of a large number of units will not force Coronation to sell the underlying investments in a manner that may have a negative impact on remaining investors of the fund.

HOW WAS THE PERFORMANCE INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS FACT SHEET CALCULATED?

Performance is calculated by Coronation as at the last day of the month for a lump sum investment using Class A NAV prices with income distributions reinvested. All underlying price and distribution data is sourced from Morningstar. Performance figures are quoted after the deduction of all costs (including manager fees and trading costs) incurred within the fund. Note that individual investor performance may differ as a result of the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment of distributions and dividend withholding tax, where applicable. Annualised performance figures represent the geometric average return earned by the fund over the given time period. Unannualised performance represents the total return earned by the fund over the given time period, expressed as a percentage.

WHAT IS THE TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO (TER) AND TRANSACTION COSTS (TC)?

TER is calculated as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio incurred as charges, levies and fees in the management of the portfolio. The TER charged by any underlying fund held as part of a fund's portfolio is included in the fund expenses portion of the TER, but trading and implementation costs incurred in managing the underlying fund are excluded. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. The 1 year TER is for the 12 months to end of the previous financial year (updated annually). The 3 year TER is for a rolling 36-month period to the last available guarter end (December, March, June and September).

Transaction costs are a necessary cost in managing a fund and impacts the fund's return. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of fund, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

The Total Investment Charge is the sum of the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and transaction costs.

ADVICE AND PLATFORM COSTS

Coronation does not provide financial advice. If you appoint an adviser, advice fees are contracted directly between you and the adviser. For more information please contact the relevant platform (Linked Investment Service Provider or Life Assurance Provider).

WHERE CAN I FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION?

Additional information such as daily fund prices, brochures, application forms and a schedule of fund fees and charges is available on our website, www.coronation.com

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING TERMS OF USE

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