

**Please note that the commentary is for the retail class of the Fund.**

### Performance and fund positioning

In the first quarter of 2024, equities continued their upward march, advancing 8%, despite a reversal in bond yields, which pushed the global bond index (Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index) down by 2%. The Fund returned 2.7% for the quarter, well ahead of the benchmark's 1.3%.

Fund returns were driven by an appreciation by the equity holdings, which nearly kept pace with market indices despite being meaningfully underweight the largest capitalisation stocks, and strong relative performance of the fixed income holdings, which increased in value by 1.5% despite a 2% drawdown in the global bond index (as mentioned before). Strong security selection and conservative positioning on the curve, where we have concentrated our fixed income holdings in short-dated maturities, have contributed to a substantial c.6% outperformance over the last year. We think the fixed income portion of the Fund continues to be well positioned, with a short duration of 1.5 years and a yield to maturity (YTM) just below 6%. This compares to the 3.8% YTM on the global bond index.

On the equity side, we think the opportunity to add value from differentiated stock picking remains elevated. The market's appreciation and inflated trading multiple (relative to history) obscures opportunities at the single stock level, which our analysts believe to be compelling.

One such example is the online broker Interactive Brokers (IB), which turned from a detractor in the previous quarter to a significant contributor. Compared to the multi-trillion-dollar market capitalisations of the mega-cap stocks, which have been driving overall index returns, IB is a relative minnow, with a \$48bn market cap and an even smaller free float of only \$12bn. The company released strong annual results in January, showing good growth in client accounts (23% growth) and the benefit of higher interest rates boosting net earnings by 42%. Its monthly releases showed that this strong growth has continued post year-end, with accounts up another 25% on the previous year and client balances and trading activity up significantly. The market has (correctly, in our view) shifted focus from the headwind of lower future interest rates to the strong growth in underlying earnings power this implies. IB's moat is its highly automated, low-cost platform, allowing it to offer the lowest prices while earning a pre-tax margin of over 70%. IB's offering to clients cannot be matched by any of its peers, and we believe this will allow the business to keep growing its underlying earnings power in double digits for a number of years. This is not fully reflected in the current market price, in our view.

TransUnion is a high-quality business, though not a household name, which contributed positively to returns in the first quarter. TransUnion is one of the three major US credit bureaus, with a broader information services business anchored in its core competency of identity resolution. The stock suffered a precipitous decline in the latter half of 2023, as a spike in bond yields led to a rapid deceleration in credit activity. We

believed the setback to be cyclical rather than indicative of any fundamental impairment of the quality of the business. In our view, the market had overlooked the very strong performance from rapidly growing markets like India, where TransUnion holds a leading position; the opportunity for growth in non-credit related verticals, such as insurance underwriting, marketing and fraud protection; and the ability to expand margins, thanks to a newly announced efficiency programme and ongoing synergy realisation from recent acquisitions. We used the opportunity to buy shares at a discount late in Q4. As the stock has recovered by more than 80% from its October lows and now more closely reflects our assessment of fair value, we have subsequently exited the position.

At quarter-end, the portfolio was positioned as follows:

- 17% in short-dated US T-bills
- 36% in investment-grade fixed income instruments
- 7% in inflation-linked assets (primarily US Treasury index-linked bonds)
- 9% in high yield fixed income
- 6% in real assets (listed infrastructure and property)
- 21% effective equity

The remaining 4% was invested in various other assets.

### Outlook

As stated in last quarter's commentary, we would not be surprised if 2024 turns out to be another eventful year. As always, we cannot predict the direction of markets or interest rates in the near term, and so we aim to focus on what we can control, which is finding and researching good investment ideas across the capital structure. On that note, our team continues to find attractive opportunities below the index surface level in areas of the market that remain discounted. We believe it is a productive environment for investors with a long-term time horizon, and we remain excited about the portfolio that we are invested in.

Thank you for your support and interest in the Fund.

### Portfolio manager

**Neil Padoa**  
as at 31 March 2024